

## Einladung zum IKET-Kolloquium

Zeit: Dienstag, 26.11.2013, 15.00 Uhr

Ort: Kolloquiumsraum des IKET, Campus Nord, Bau 419, Raum 104

Referent: Prof. Manuel Perlado, Director, Instituto Fusion Nuclear (DENIM), Universidad Politécnica de Madrid (UPM), Madrid, Spain

Titel: „Physics for Technology in Inertial Fusion by Lasers and research Program at DENIM/UPM“

### Zusammenfassung:

Different proposals of Laser Fusion Energy have been envisioned in the last years. Those concepts cover Engineering Facility at large scale in Energy, to Power Prototyping and final DEMO Reactors. HiPER (Europe), LIFE (USA) and LIF\_T (Japan), and other Chinese or Russian initiatives, are entering a new phase where is critical the integration of systems (lasers, target design, manufacturing and injection, chamber and blanket, tritium handling and Power cycles). The decision to start studies for a Engineering Burst (in HiPER) facility with a repetitive laser operation, with realistic burst mode of hundreds to thousands of shots at 5-10 Hz rate, and small gain under continuous (24/7) repetition(Prototype) or final high gain Demo Reactor will be of critical importance. It is very important the difference between Prototype and Demo, because the different target energy gains could have consequences in the first wall and optics. The Engineering Test Bed results will be able to demonstrate with the lowest risk, repetitive laser-injection systems in an already defined model of Chamber. Assuming those conditions, we assume how could be possible to accommodate Experiments in Technology relevant for Prototype and Reactor. This paper shows the differences in designing the chamber for single shot operation (NIF or LMJ Ignition/Gain machines), or repetitive systems, from Laser requirements to Chamber area, activation and damage in optics, wall and structural materials and also dose assessment. A summary of the differences in new designs from Engineering, Prototyping and Demonstration approaches will be the key goal. It will presents integration of the various systems needed for an early demonstration of laser-driven power production, including the requirements of tritium and neutron breeding, use of existing reactor-capable materials and considerations of plant safety. Our approach uses two levels: research in each one of the key questions from fundamental to applied physics and technology; and integration of our available answers into a Power Plant System for defining progressive designs from burnup: to thermo-mechanical responses of materials; fluidynamics; tritium generation and cycle; accident analysis after evaluation of activation and radionuclide concentrations, safety and radioprotection.

gez. T. Schulenberg

Alle auswärtigen Besucher des Kolloquiums werden gebeten, ihren gültigen Personalausweis oder Reisepass mitzubringen.